

**Introduced By:** LJR Committee  
**Sponsored By:**  
**Contact:** sga\_ljr@ucf.edu  
**First Reading:** March 6, 2025  
**Committee Action:** Passed 6-0-1  
**Second Reading:** March 13, 2025;  
 Passed 34-0-0  
**Third Reading:** March 27, 2025  
**Final Vote:** Passed 38-0-0



**University of Central Florida**  
**Fifty Sixth Student Body Senate**  
**Internal Bill 56-43**

[Updates to Title IX: Updates & Clarifications to Notifications of Non-Compliance]

**WHEREAS**, Statutes require constant updates and revision to best serve the Student Body;  
**WHEREAS**, It is the duty of the Legislative, Judicial, and Rules Committee to suggest amendments to the Statutes;  
**WHEREAS**, The authority to issue a Notification of Non-Compliance should be outlined first;  
**WHEREAS**, The process of Non-Compliance should be more digestible and easier to read;  
**WHEREAS**, Non-Compliance processes should have a specific step-by-step procedure;  
**WHEREAS**, the process of recommendation of penal action is vague and unclear;  
**WHEREAS**, it is not definitively outlined that the power of a penal action rests in the powers of the issuing body, not the authority of the LJR Committee; and  
**WHEREAS**, This Bill will go into effect immediately.

**THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED**, by the Fifty-Sixth Student Senate of the University of Central Florida that Title IX be amended as follows:

**Chapter 900 Authority to Issue a Notification of Non-Compliance**

**900.1 The authority to issue a “Notification of Non-Compliance” is vested in the following offices:**

- A. The Student Body President
- B. The Student Body Vice President
- C. The Student Government Comptroller, in instances where the infraction impedes the Comptroller’s ability to perform their duties
- D. The Attorney General
- E. The Chief Justice
- F. The Judicial Council, by a majority vote
- G. The Supervisor of Elections, with jurisdiction limited to the Election Statutes and the election proceedings
- H. The Senate President
- I. The Senate President Pro Tempore
- J. The Student Senate, by majority vote, and
- K. The LJR, ORS, FAO, CRT, and E&A Committees of the Senate, by majority vote, under the following jurisdictions:
  1. The Legislative, Judicial, and Rules (LJR) Committee shall have jurisdiction over all statutes and Student Government legislative actions, except for the allocation of Activity and Service Fee Funds, the Finance Code, the Election Statutes and all other chapters that are under the jurisdiction of other standing committees.
  2. The Operations, Review, and Sanctions (ORS) shall have jurisdiction over the Finance Code.
  3. The Financial Allocations for Organizations (FAO) Committee shall have jurisdiction limited to the Senate Working Fund accounts.
  4. The Conference, Registration, and Travel (CRT) Committee shall have jurisdiction limited to the Registration and Travel accounts.
  5. The Elections and Appointments (E&A) Committee shall have jurisdiction limited to the Election Statutes, the election proceedings, and all relevant chapters as outlined in Senate Rule 2.03

**Chapter 9001 Notification of Non-Compliance**

- ~~900.1~~ **901.1** “Notification of Non-Compliance” is to be used as a written notification that the Student Body Constitution, Student Body Statutes, Senate Rules, Senate Bills, and/or other legal mandates are not being complied with or adhered to.
- ~~900.2~~ In any instance where a Student Government Agent is unable to come back into compliance due to action or inaction, said individual may be subject to censure or impeachment due to their lack of compliance with the Student Body Constitution, Student Body Statutes, Senate Rules, Senate Bills, and/or other legal mandates.
- ~~900.3~~ **901.2** Any Student Government Agent, or Student Government Staff member, recognized by the aforementioned Student Body Statutes, Senate Bills, and/or other legal mandates can be issued a “Notification of Non-Compliance.”
- A.** In any instance where a Student Government Agent is unable to come back into compliance due to action or inaction, said individual may be subject to censure or impeachment due to their lack of compliance with the Student Body Constitution, Student Body Statutes, Senate Rules, Senate Bills, and/or other legal mandates.
- B.** In any instance where a Student Government Staff member is unable to come back into compliance due to action or inaction, said matter may be referred to the individual’s supervisor for further review and/or action.
- ~~900.4~~ In any instance where a Student Government Staff member is unable to come back into compliance due to action or inaction, said matter may be referred to the individual’s supervisor for further review and/or action.

#### ~~Chapter 901~~ Authority to Issue a Notification of Non-Compliance

- ~~901.1~~ The authority to issue a “Notification of Non-Compliance” is vested in the following offices:
- ~~A.~~ The Student Body President
- ~~B.~~ The Student Body Vice President
- ~~C.~~ The Student Government Comptroller, in instances where the infraction impedes the Comptroller’s ability to perform their duties
- ~~D.~~ The Attorney General
- ~~E.~~ The Chief Justice
- ~~F.~~ The Judicial Council, by a majority vote
- ~~G.~~ The Supervisor of Elections, with jurisdiction limited to the Election Statutes and the election proceedings
- ~~H.~~ The Senate President
- ~~I.~~ The Senate President Pro Tempore
- ~~J.~~ The Student Senate, by majority vote, and
- ~~K.~~ The LJR, ORS, FAO, CRT, and E&A Committees of the Senate, by majority vote, under the following jurisdictions:
1. The Legislative, Judicial, and Rules (LJR) Committee shall have jurisdiction over all statutes and Student Government legislative actions, except for the allocation of Activity and Service Fee Funds, the Finance Code, the Election Statutes and all other chapters that are under the jurisdiction of other standing committees.
2. The Operations, Review, and Sanctions (ORS) shall have jurisdiction over the Finance Code.
3. The Financial Allocations for Organizations (FAO) Committee shall have jurisdiction limited to the Senate Working Fund accounts.
4. The Conference, Registration, and Travel (CRT) Committee shall have jurisdiction limited to the Registration and Travel accounts.
5. The Elections and Appointments (E&A) Committee shall have jurisdiction limited to the Election Statutes, the election proceedings, and all relevant chapters as outlined in Senate Rule 2.03

#### ~~Chapter 902~~ The Format of a Notification of Non-Compliance

- ~~902.2~~ The issuer shall suggest a penal action when issuing a notification of non-compliance to be taken if the party issued fails to comply with the cited Student Government regulation, in accordance with Chapter 904.
- ~~A.~~ The LJR Committee shall vote on the recommended penal action, upholding or denying it independently of the non-compliance with a two-thirds (2/3) vote, and shall hold the power to recommend a new penal action upon a majority vote of the committee.

#### ~~Chapter 903~~ Disposition of a Notification of Non-Compliance **Non-Compliance Procedure**

- 903.3** The issuer shall suggest a penal action when issuing a notification of non-compliance to be taken if the party issued fails to comply with the cited Student Government regulation, in accordance with Chapter 904.
- 903.4** The LJR Chair will present the notification during New Business under the heading of "Notification of Non-Compliance" at the next LJR Committee meeting.
- 903.5** The LJR Committee shall vote on the recommended penal action, upholding or denying it independently of the non-compliance with a two-thirds (2/3) vote, and shall hold the power to recommend a new penal action upon a majority vote of the committee

Chapter 904 Failure to Comply with a Notification of Non-Compliance

- 904.1** Failure to comply within five (5) academic days from the receipt of the "Notification of Non-Compliance" will result in Student Government penal action, ~~that may include, but is not limited to the following tier system. The tier invoked will depend upon the severity of the alleged non-compliance and the time elapsed since neglect of compliance; noncompliances without the ability to return to compliance shall not receive Tier II or Tier III penalties. Tier I penal actions shall apply after five (5) academic days, but no more than ten (10) academic days since neglect of duty. Tier II penal actions shall apply after ten (10) or more academic days, but no more than fifteen (15) academic days since neglect of duty. Tier III penal actions shall apply after fifteen (15) or more academic days since neglect of duty. The tier invoked will depend upon the severity of the alleged non-compliance.~~
- A. Tier I penal actions could be, but are not limited to: a. Any SG Agent who is issued a non-compliance and after five (5) academic days, but no more than ten (10) academic days, will be served a warning.
  - B. Tier II penal actions could be, but are not limited to: a. Loss of speaking privileges for any number of consecutive meetings
    - i. The exact number of such meetings must be specified in the proposed and approved penal actions within the "Notification of Non-Compliance" to be considered valid.
    - ii. Cessation of pay
    - iii. A vote of no confidence within leadership roles
  - C. Tier III penal actions could be, but are not limited to:
    - i. Censure
    - ii. Removal from appointed office under the discretion of the Student Body President (unless otherwise stated by the Student Body Statutes, Senate Rules, or Student Body Constitution)
    - iii. The removal from office through the impeachment process
- 904.2** Penal actions may include but are not limited to actions such as warnings, loss of speaking privileges, cessation of pay, a vote of no confidence, censure, removal from appointed office by the Student Body President, or removal from office through the impeachment process.
- A. Enforcement of a penal action must be within the jurisdiction of the issuing office.
  - B. Penal actions may also be invoked upon a tier system, such as but not limited to the following example:
    - a. Tier I penal actions shall apply after five (5) academic days, but no more than ten (10) academic days since neglect of duty.
    - b. Tier II penal actions shall apply after ten (10) or more academic days, but no more than fifteen (15) academic days since neglect of duty.
    - c. Tier III penal actions shall apply after fifteen (15) or more academic days since neglect of duty.
      - 1. Tier I penal actions could be, but are not limited to:
        - a. Any SG Agent who is issued a non-compliance and after five (5) academic days, but no more than ten (10) academic days, will be served a warning.
      - 2. Tier II penal actions could be, but are not limited to:
        - a. Loss of speaking privileges for any number of consecutive meetings
          - i. The exact number of such meetings must be specified in the proposed and approved penal actions within the "Notification of Non-Compliance" to be considered valid.
        - b. Cessation of pay
        - c. A vote of no confidence within leadership roles
      - 3. Tier III penal actions could be, but are not limited to:

- a. Censure
  - b. Removal from appointed office under the discretion of the Student Body President (unless otherwise stated by the Student Body Statutes, Senate Rules, or Student Body Constitution)
  - c. The removal from office through the impeachment process
- C. No other statutory provision shall be construed to limit penal actions which may be enforced by a notification of non-compliance within the authority of the issuing office.

**AUTHORIZING SIGNATURES**

*Bryce Lister*

Bryce Lister  
Student Body President

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Date

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Dr. Adrienne Frame  
Vice President, SSWB

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Date